

THE β -DCS MODEL

A Theory of the Expansion of the Universe

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The β -DCS model proposes a complete overhaul of our understanding of the Universe. It replaces the traditional concept of a continuous metric space with a geometric and discrete mesh composed of Kelvin cells (truncated octahedrons), whose fundamental volume is expressed by the equation $v_0 = k_{3D} \cdot l_P^3$. This network is fundamentally driven by a dynamic called "the Swell of the Great Voids". Aligning with quantum physics regarding the granular structure of space, this theory demonstrates that cosmic expansion results from a binary division ($1 \rightarrow 2$) of space quanta.

This new perspective redefines several pillars of physics:

- **Time** is no longer perceived as an independent external variable, but becomes the stroboscopic update rhythm of an information flow, governed by the irreducible Planck frequency f_0 .
- **Baryonic mass** is interpreted as a simple topological defect that siphons this available information bandwidth.
- **Gravitation** is the direct and mechanical consequence of this local frequency drop.

Furthermore, this theoretical framework integrates the MOND galactic dynamics as well as a radial overpressure mechanism. It thus makes it possible to validate and explain current observational data without resorting to the ad hoc hypotheses of dark matter or dark energy, all thanks to a closed system of equations devoid of adjustable parameters. It offers a unified mathematical resolution to major paradoxes of modern cosmology, whether it is the Hubble tension, the abnormally rapid growth of young galaxies observed by the JWST, or the disappearance of singularities at the center of black holes. Finally, this theory confirms the remarkable accuracy of Lord Kelvin's pioneering work on space tiling, initiated over a century earlier.

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PREAMBLE

Genesis of the β -DCS Model: From phenomenological intuition to micro-geometric rigor

Any fruitful scientific theory follows a trajectory of conceptual maturation. The β -DCS Model (Discrete Cellular Structure) model draws its original intuition from the life sciences: it proposes to understand the growth of the Universe not as the continuous stretching of a passive receptacle, but as a granular proliferation operating by binary division, in strict analogy with biological cell mitosis.

The founding act of this research, recorded in the initial version of the model (denoted V_0), aimed verify whether this single mechanism of spatial duplication, linked to gravity, could simultaneously solve the dark matter and dark energy crises.

1. The initial postulates and the success of the V_0

In its first formulation, the model relied on four clear postulates, established at the time of matter-radiation decoupling:

- **Quantization of space:** Spatial tissue is made up of invariant elementary parcels, endowed with a proper volume v_0 , a proper mass m_0 and a proper temperature fixed at 0 K.
- **Binary duplication:** Cosmic expansion results from the creation of new parcels by a fission mechanism ($1 \rightarrow 2$).
- **Initial conditions:** At the time of the cosmic microwave background, the mass balance was largely dominated by baryonic matter (up to 95%).
- **Active gravity of space:** Spatial tissue generates its own gravity and duplicates in response to the gravitational density experienced.

This dynamic resulted in an early priming phase driven by baryons, followed by a late phase of spatial tissue self-amplification. By modeling this growth with the differential equation $dN(t)/dt = \alpha + \beta N(t)$ and imposing that the spatial tissue reaches 95% of the current mass balance (as required by observations), the empirical calculation yielded a precise self-amplification value: $\beta \approx 1,82$.

2. The ontological leap: from empirical index to micro-geometric factor

While the V_0 version brilliantly validated the concept by recovering large cosmological quantities, the deepening of the quantum formalism revealed the true nature of this constant. The numerical value 1.82 is not a simple phenomenological parameter of gravitational adjustment. It turned out to be k_{3D} , the three-dimensional tiling geometric factor linked to the irreducible shape of the Kelvin cell (the truncated octahedron or tetrakaidecahedron). It is this factor that connects the fundamental volume quantum to the Planck length ($v_0 = k_{3D} \cdot l_P^3$). At the same time, the parameter β acquired its fundamental statistical status: it now designates the micro-stochastic parameter β_{vac} , defining the probability of fission of a cell,

directly governed by the Planck frequency (f_0).

3. Scope of the theory

The strict equivalence between the global cosmological integration constant (1.82) and the Kelvin topological tiling factor (k_{3D}) constitutes a major theoretical validation. It proves that expansion by spatial mitosis is not a simple empirical construction, but the inevitable macroscopic expression of an underlying and self-consistent discrete geometry.

This manuscript retraces the entirety of this demonstration. From highlighting the flaws of continuous cosmology to developing a closed mathematical formalism without free parameters, the following chapters detail how the β -DCS model establishes itself as a unified, rigorous, and testable framework for rethinking the physics of the Universe.

PART I - A PARADIGM SHIFT

Chapter 1: A discrete and dynamic geometry

This first chapter lays the epistemological foundations of the β -DCS model by acknowledging the need for a major conceptual leap for fundamental physics. It is a matter of abandoning the fluid and macroscopic description of space in favor of a granular modeling, articulated around a discrete network, the growth of this network by duplication of its fundamental constituents (by analogy to cellular mitosis), and the conservation of the quantum information budget.

Section 1.1: The abandonment of continuous space-time (fluid vs. molecule analogy)

The history of science demonstrates that continuous descriptions are often only macroscopic approximations incapable of accounting for fundamental microscopic reality. Just as 19th-century thermodynamics modeled water and air as continuous fluids before the acceptance of the atomic hypothesis, modern physics must integrate the granular nature of space to free itself from mathematical infinities.

In this new framework, the metric of General Relativity is no longer considered the ultimate fundamental theory, but as a smoothed macroscopic equation of state describing an underlying discrete network of cells. By imposing an irreducible elementary volume $v_0 > 0$, the model abolishes infinite divisibility, which makes collapses into a point of zero volume ($r = 0$) and infinite densities ($\rho \rightarrow \infty$) physically impossible.

Section 1.2: The lesson of biology: binary mitosis ($1 \rightarrow 2$) as a universal principle of growth

Since space is composed of invariant volume quanta, its expansion can no longer be interpreted as the elastic stretching of a continuous background tissue. The model relies on the natural mechanism of binary mitosis ($1 \rightarrow 2$) : the Universe grows by granular proliferation, cell by cell, thus avoiding the mechanical deformation of its components.

When a spatial cell crosses a saturation threshold, it undergoes immediate topological fission to give birth to two identical daughter cells, maintaining the same strict volume v_0 . It is the continuous insertion of these new units into the network that generates an internal mechanical pressure, pushing galaxies apart and creating the illusion of a smooth metric expansion at large scales.

Section 1.3: Conservation of the frequency budget and finite Planck capacity

The dynamic operation of the discrete mesh is governed by the Axiom of Finite Frequency Capacity. Each cell in the network operates as an elementary information processor whose total refresh capacity is strictly capped by the Planck frequency ($f_0 \approx 1,855 \times 10^{43}$ Hz). This overall frequency capacity represents a finite and invariant budget that must be continually allocated among different physical processes.

The ceiling f_0 is mainly distributed between the siphoning operated by the presence of a mass (anchoring frequency, $f_{\text{Anchoring}}$) and the refresh linked to geometry and duplication

(effective bandwidth, f_{Eff}).

Section 1.4: Effective bandwidth (f_{Eff}) and degradation of proper time

This logic of bandwidth arbitration fundamentally redefines the nature of proper time ($d\tau$). Time is no longer an abstract flow running on its own, but the direct consequence of the information refresh rate executed by the network's cells.

In absolute vacuum, the absence of matter cancels out the anchoring siphoning ($f_{Anchoring} = 0$), leaving the effective bandwidth at its maximum level ($f_{Eff} \approx f_0$) and allowing time to flow at its nominal rate. Conversely, in an intense gravitational field, matter monopolizes a critical part of the budget ($f_{Anchoring} > 0$), which collapses the available effective bandwidth ($f_{Eff} \rightarrow 0$).

Gravitational time dilation is thus explained by a mechanical constraint: processes slow down near a mass because the underlying mesh has fewer free cycles to update the physical state of the system.

PART II - THE MICRO-GEOMETRIC FOUNDATION **(The Quantum Mechanics of the Mesh)**

Chapter 2: The State Polyhedron: The Kelvin Cell

Characterizing a discrete space requires defining the exact geometry of its elementary building block. In order to guarantee a perfect and mechanically stable three-dimensional tiling, the β -DCS model abandons the simplistic representation of the cube in favor of nature's most efficient polyhedral structure: the truncated octahedron, or Kelvin cell.

Section 2.1: Topological structure: the 14-faced truncated octahedron

- **Perfect tiling:** The Kelvin cell belongs to the plesiohedron family, filling three-dimensional space with 100% efficiency by pure translation, without creating the slightest empty gap or any overlap.
- **Mesh connectivity:** The structure has 14 faces: 6 square faces arranged along the Cartesian axes and 8 hexagonal faces ensuring the diagonal junctions. This geometry distributes surface tension uniformly, unlike the stress peaks generated by the corners of a cube.
- **The state polyhedron:** The cell is not a simple rigid container, but a true quantum state polyhedron. The configuration of its 14 faces (stretching, symmetry) constitutes the fundamental state variable of the network, capable of plastically adapting to the tension constraints of its environment.

Section 2.2: Irreducible volume and incompressibility ($v_0 = k_{3D} \cdot l_P^3$)

- **The volume quantum:** The cell constitutes the irreducible limit of space, with a volume intrinsically anchored in the Planck scale according to the equation $v_0 = k_{3D} \cdot l_P^3$.
- **Absolute incompressibility:** This volume v_0 is a strict geometric invariant, incapable of being compressed below its fundamental value, regardless of the intensity of

gravitational pressure.

- **The elimination of singularities:** This incompressibility, coupled with the ceiling of the Planck frequency capacity (f_0), blocks any collapse of matter into a point of zero volume, effectively prohibiting the appearance of classical physical singularities.

Section 2.3: Geometric invariants (volumetric factor k_{3D} and isoperimetric factor k_{Kelvin})

- **The three-dimensional tiling factor ($k_{3D} \approx 1,82$):** This ratio defines the true volume of the cell relative to the Planck unit cube (l_P^3). It is this same geometric invariant that governs the self-amplification rate of cosmic expansion.
- **The Kelvin isoperimetric factor ($k_{Kelvin} \approx 5,5$):** This dimensionless ratio measures the relationship between the outer surface of the cell and its volume ($S/V^{2/3}$). It directly governs the surface energy cost necessary to keep the cell closed and is found in the denominator of the formula defining the MOND galactic bifurcation threshold (a_0).

Section 2.4: The phase membrane: coherence interface and Planck tiling

The 14 faces of the cell form a phase membrane of an irreducible thickness corresponding to the Planck length (l_P). This wall ensures a triple fundamental role within the mesh:

- **Coherence membrane:** It acts as a wave interface, maintaining phase alignment between adjacent cells and ensuring the transfer of the effective bandwidth (f_{eff}) and the Perpetual Swell (also called the Swell of the Great Voids).
- **Fluctuation locus:** This is the exact geometric node where the tensions of the quantum network balance each other. The selective filtering of waves through this interstice generates a Casimir pressure (or negative surface tension) essential to the mechanical cohesion of the cell.
- **2D discontinuity tiling:** Each face is quantized in Planck area units ($\Delta A = 4l_P^2$), fixing the absolute boundary of spatial discretization and allowing the storage of holographic information.

Chapter 3: Tissue Cohesion: Casimir Effect and Perpetual Swell

Defining the discrete geometry of the Kelvin cell raises an essential mechanical question: what maintains the overall coherence of this network composed of billions of space quanta without it collapsing? In this model, the cohesion of the mesh is not dictated by an ad hoc external force, but by an internal hydrodynamic equilibrium between the contraction induced by Casimir's « quantum glue » and the agitation pressure of the Perpetual Swell.

Section 3.1: Interfacial Casimir glue and Planck pressure

- **Spectral filtering:** The interstice that separates the faces of two adjacent cells has a thickness exactly corresponding to the Planck length (l_P). Geometric boundary conditions impose a spectral cutoff: only extremely short wave modes ($\lambda \leq 2l_P$) can exist in this contact zone, effectively excluding longer wavelengths.
- **Quantum adhesion pressure:** This deficit of spectral modes inside the cell compared to the overall external quantum pressure creates a negative pressure, generating an inward-directed inter-facial Casimir force. The external vacuum pressure thus hermetically seals the membranes against each other with Planck-scale

stress.

- **Geometric cohesion:** The adhesion force that retains an individual brick within the global tiling results from the distribution of this Planck pressure over its 14 faces, modulated by the isoperimetric factor $k_{\text{Kelvin}} \approx 5,5$.

Section 3.2: The Perpetual Swell: fundamental vibrational state of the vacuum

- **Collective elastic wave:** This Casimir contraction is opposed by the fundamental agitation of the network, called the Perpetual Swell. This is the dynamic steady state of the vacuum, resulting from the continuous injection of quantum energy onto the membranes at nature's maximum refresh rate (f_0).
- **Propagation and volume invariance:** The swell is not a substance circulating inside the bricks, but a wave of decompression and stress that propagates through the Casimir coupling of the 14 faces. During these cycles, the membranes vibrate and stretch, but the irreducible internal volume of each brick (v_0) remains strictly invariant.
- **Stability equilibrium:** The contraction tension of the Casimir effect permanently balances the vibratory expansion pressure of the Swell, producing a coherent, elastic and irreducible spatial tissue.

Section 3.3: Mechanical emergence of the Cosmic Microwave Background (2.725 K)

- **Interfacial quantum friction:** The uninterrupted oscillation of the 14 cell faces working against each other under the thrust of the swell dissipates a small fraction of the tension in the form of vibratory noise.
- **Equilibrium thermal floor:** This mechanical work of the Swell across the Kelvin tiling maintains a dynamic equilibrium temperature. The temperature of the cosmic microwave background (CMB), measured today at 2.725 K, finds here a purely mechanical explanation: it corresponds to the fundamental residual agitation floor of the spatial mesh.

Section 3.4: The fission equation (from hydrodynamic work to mitosis)

- **Elastic saturation:** This hydrodynamic equilibrium remains dynamic. When the interferences of the Perpetual Swell generate a local overpressure that overcomes the Casimir adhesion tension on the 14 faces, the cell crosses a critical threshold of instability.
- **Triggering of spatial mitosis:** To channel this excess vibratory energy and avoid rupture of the medium, the network does not swell, but triggers an immediate topological fission ($v_0 \rightarrow 2v_0$).
- **Crystallization and volume injection:** This splitting absorbs a quantum of mechanical work (W_{Mitosis}). The Casimir filtering intervenes instantaneously in the new fracture to sculpt and seal the Planck wall of the daughter brick, thus converting the excess vacuum energy into a true creation of physical space that drives cosmic expansion.

Chapter 4: Axiomatics of Spatial Mitosis

After characterizing the geometry of the Kelvin cell and the hydrodynamic equilibrium of the network, it is necessary to formalize the mathematical law that governs the proliferation of the spatial tissue. In the β -DCS model, the creation of space is neither a chaotic process nor an empirically adjusted variable, but rests on stochastic axiomatics firmly anchored in the quantum physics of the mesh.

Section 4.1: The micro-stochastic fission parameter $\beta(x,t)$

- **Quantum probability:** At the microscopic scale, the binary division of a cell ($v_0 \rightarrow 2v_0$) constitutes a quantum event of a stochastic nature. The local parameter $\beta(x,t)$ defines the probability that a given cell undergoes this mitosis.
- **Micro-macro link:** For a domain containing a number $N(t)$ of cells, the relative variation of the total volume per unit of time is written directly by the expression
$$\frac{1}{V(t)} \cdot \frac{dV(t)}{dt} = \beta(x,t).$$
- **Emergent expansion:** This parameter $\beta(x,t)$ thus serves as a fundamental link: it connects the quantum and stochastic mechanics of individual cells to the metric expansion observed at the macroscopic scale.

Section 4.2: The steady state of the vacuum (β_{vac})

- **The free regime:** In vast under-dense intergalactic regions, information siphoning by mass is zero ($f_{Anchoring} = 0$), leaving the available effective bandwidth at its Planck ceiling ($f_{Eff} \approx f_0$).
- **Universal rate:** In this regime qualified as « free », the proliferation rate no longer depends on local constraints and stabilizes at a universal and stationary value: the vacuum mitosis rate, denoted β_{vac} .
- **Geometric integration:** The calculation of this duplication frequency integrates the isoperimetric factor of the 14-faced membrane, leading to a quantized value of $\beta_{vac} \approx 6,7 \times 10^{-61}$.

Section 4.3: Analytical connection to the Hubble constant (H_0)

- **Fundamental relation:** The steady mitosis rate of the vacuum is directly derived from the ratio between the macroscopic scale (the expansion rate H_0) and the microscopic scale (the fundamental Planck frequency f_0), modulated by the geometry of the spatial cell ($k_{Kelvin} \approx 5,5$).
- **Analytical formula:** This fundamental concordance is expressed by the equation:

$$\beta_{vac} = \frac{H_0}{f_0} \cdot k_{Kelvin} = H_0 \cdot t_P \cdot k_{Kelvin}$$

Section 4.4: Linear doubling time of space

- **Temporal evaluation:** From the differential proliferation equation, it is possible to calculate the exact time necessary for the volume of a region of space to double under the sole action of cell mitosis.

- **Doubling calculation:** By integrating this growth law, the doubling time is expressed by :

$$t_{Doubling} = \frac{\ln(2)}{H_0 \cdot k_{Kelvin}}$$

- **Cosmological stability:** The numerical result yields about $5,55 \times 10^{16}$ s, or approximately 1,76 billion years. This duration, of the same order of magnitude as the estimated age of the Universe, illustrates the great temporal stability of the duplication process at cosmological scales.

PART III - THE FOUNDATION OF GRAVITY

Chapter 5: The Anchoring Operator and the Nature of Mass

After establishing the micro-geometric foundations and the proliferation dynamics, this chapter redefines the physical nature of matter. In the β -DCS model, mass is neither an extrinsic substance placed on space, nor a continuous fluid deforming a passive background. It constitutes a topological defect, an active anchoring operator that continuously siphons the fundamental refresh capacity of the space network.

Section 5.1: The fundamental equation of state of the network (the frequency balance)

Before defining the anchoring of mass, it is necessary to set the conservation law that governs each Kelvin cell in the spatial mesh. In the β -DCS model, the maximum refresh capacity of a cell is strictly capped by the Planck frequency f_0 . This total budget is continually arbitrated between three inseparable components:

$$f_0 = f_{Anchoring} + f_{Geometry} + f_{Mitosis}$$

- $f_{Anchoring}$: the frequency immobilized by the siphoning of mass (the information necessary to maintain the identity of the particles).
- $f_{Geometry}$: the bandwidth allocated to updating the curvature and local geometry of the network.
- $f_{Mitosis}$: the part of the budget allocated to cellular proliferation (stochastic mitosis $\nu_0 \rightarrow 2\nu_0$).

From this conservation directly follows **the effective bandwidth** f_{Eff} , which represents everything that is not consumed by the anchoring of matter:

$$f_{Eff}(x,t) = f_0 - f_{Anchoring}(x,t) = f_{Geometry}(x,t) + f_{Mitosis}(x,t)$$

It is this permanent arbitration that dictates whether the mesh freezes (in a Newtonian

cocoon where $f_{Anchoring}$ dominates) or whether it unlocks (in the MOND regime or the cosmic vacuum where mitosis and geometry take over again).

Section 5.2: Anchoring topology: mass as bandwidth siphoning

- **The anchoring pole:** In a universe governed by a finite quantum information budget (the Planck frequency f_0), the presence of a particle of mass m acts as an anchoring pole that monopolizes a portion of the local processing capacity to maintain its identity.
- **Update consumption:** This mass continuously siphons an anchoring frequency defined by the de Broglie-Einstein relation:

$$f_{Anchoring} = \frac{m c^2}{\hbar}$$

- **Bandwidth collapse:** In a matter-free mesh, the entire budget remains available for spatial updating ($f_{Eff} \approx f_0$). Conversely, at the core of a mass defect, siphoning drastically reduces the available effective bandwidth :

$$f_{Eff} = f_0 - \frac{m c^2}{\hbar}$$

- **The Newtonian cocoon:** This drop in refresh frequency induces a stiffening of the membranes of the surrounding Kelvin cells, forming a rigid cocoon where the decompression mechanism via stochastic mitosis is completely blocked ($\beta = 0$).

Section 5.3: Saturation ratio (S_M) and frequency gradient (∇f_{Eff})

- **Saturation measurement:** To quantify the impact of matter on the mesh, the model introduces the dimensionless saturation ratio S_M which represents the fraction of the Planck budget locally consumed (where m_P is the Planck mass, $m_P \approx 2,176 \times 10^{-8}$ kg) :

$$S_M = \frac{f_{Anchoring}}{f_0} = \frac{m}{m_P}$$

- **The radial profile:** Around a baryonic distribution, this continuous siphoning generates a radial depression of the update bandwidth.
- **The gradient vector:** The spatial gradient of this effective frequency field (∇f_{Eff}) forms a vector directed towards the baryonic center, physically representing the exhaustion of the spatial refresh flow induced by matter.

Section 5.4: Derivation of the gravitational field and potential (∇f_{Eff})

- **Gravity as hydrodynamic drift:** Classical gravitation ceases to be described as an attractive force at a distance or an abstract geometric curvature, becoming instead an emergent hydrodynamic drift generated by this frequency gradient.
- **Refresh asymmetry:** A particle immersed in a frequency gradient undergoes an

asymmetrical quantum update on its phase boundaries: its faces turned towards the mass refresh more slowly than those turned towards the outside of the system.

- **Sliding by lowest information cost:** A body in free fall does not undergo any mysterious traction towards the center of mass. Condensed baryonic matter constituting an information charge, it must slide from cell to cell at each f_0 beat to move. It thus slides along the update gradient by following the path of lowest information cost across the membranes of the cells.
- **Emergence of acceleration:** This directional imbalance induces a mechanical drift towards the lower frequency region, producing the effective acceleration $g(r)$, the integration of which directly defines the classical Newtonian potential $V(r)$:

$$g(r) = \frac{c^2 \nabla f_{Eff}}{f_0} = \left(\frac{-G M}{r^2} \right) \cdot \hat{r} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{Intégration}} \quad V(r) = \frac{-G M}{r}$$

Section 5.5: Physical duality: information gradient vs. membrane tension gradient

The gravity field is expressed in the β -DCS model by a strict duality linking temporal information processing to the mechanical geometry of space:

- **The information scale:** From an informational point of view, mass carves a spatial gradient of effective update speed (∇f_{eff}). This local information exhaustion constitutes the direct microscopic cause of gravitational time dilation (proper time slows down because the cell has fewer cycles to update itself).
- **The mechanical scale:** Simultaneously, this internal frequency drop alters the equilibrium of the quantum cell, generating a compensatory overvoltage to maintain the cohesion of the polyhedron. This phenomenon creates a membrane tension gradient ($\nabla \gamma_{Surface}$ or $\nabla \sigma_{Kelvin}$) that pulls adjacent cells towards the anchored center.
- **Equivalence:** These two descriptions are rigorously equivalent, gravity is both a depression in the information flow and a pinching of the cells' membrane tension :

$$\frac{\nabla f_{Eff}}{f_0} \Leftrightarrow \frac{\nabla \gamma_{Surface}}{\gamma_0}$$

PART IV - MATTER AND GALACTIC BIFURCATION

(Local scale & MOND)

Chapter 6: The Bifurcation Threshold a_0 and the MOND Regime

While the previous chapter established how mass locally locks the spatial tissue to create Newtonian gravity, the dynamics change radically as one moves away from the baryonic source. When the information exhaustion gradient falls below a critical mechanical threshold, the spatial mesh unlocks and switches into the modified acceleration regime (MOND).

Section 6.1: Analytical derivation of the threshold a_0

- **Geometric foundation:** In classical MOND theory, the critical acceleration

$a_0 \approx 1,2 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m/s}^2$ is a simple empirical adjustment parameter. In the β -DCS model, this threshold is derived analytically from the micro-geometry of the state polyhedron.

- **The dimensional gap:** The first-order (naive) calculation of a one-dimensional cosmological acceleration (the product $c.H_0$) overestimates the measured acceleration by a factor of about 5.6.
- **Integration with the state polyhedron (k_{Kelvin}):** The anchoring constraint does not apply on a simple line, but is distributed isotropically over the 14 faces of the Kelvin cell. The threshold a_0 therefore integrates the isoperimetric geometric factor $k_{Kelvin} \approx 5,5$.
- **Exact formula:** The bifurcation threshold is written analytically:

$$a_0 = \frac{c \cdot H_0}{k_{Kelvin}}$$

This value marks the absolute physical boundary where the local information exhaustion generated by matter exactly balances the background expansion constraint (the Perpetual Swell).

Section 6.2: The Newtonian rigidity cocoon and the transition radius (r_B)

The space surrounding a baryonic mass M_B is partitioned into two mechanical zones separated by a strict physical boundary, the transition radius r_B :

- **The inner Newtonian cocoon ($r < r_B$):** Near the mass, bandwidth siphoning dominates ($g_N \gg a_0$). The mesh is locked in a rigid state, mitosis is suppressed there, which generates classical Newtonian gravity in $1/r^2$.
- **The outer unlocking ($r > r_B$):** Far from the baryonic center, acceleration falls below the threshold a_0 . As the gravitational gradient becomes weaker than the background agitation of the vacuum, the mesh regains its plasticity and spatial mitosis ($1 \rightarrow 2$) resumes.
- **Derivation of the radius:** The boundary r_B is located exactly where Newtonian acceleration equalizes with the MOND threshold, giving the relation:

$$r_B = \sqrt{\frac{G M_B}{a_0}}$$

Section 6.3: Radial overpressure and derivation of the $1/r$ force law

- **Mitotic accumulation:** Outside the rigidity cocoon, the new cells created by unlocked mitosis cannot expand inwards because of the rigidity of the central Newtonian core.
- **Overpressure gradient:** These daughter cells accumulate radially around the galaxy, generating a mechanical overpressure gradient (∇P_{Mesh}) directed inwards.
- **Deep MOND regime:** Under the effect of this additional hydrodynamic force, the effective acceleration (g_{eff}) experienced by a body orbiting in the deep regime

($a \ll a_0$) becomes the geometric mean of Newtonian gravity and the threshold a_0 , i.e.,

$$g_{Eff} = \sqrt{g_N \cdot a_0} = \sqrt{\frac{G M_B \cdot a_0}{r^2}}.$$

- **Force modification:** The gravitational dependence thus mathematically switches from a $1/r^2$ force to a $1/r$ force.

Section 6.4: Proof of the baryonic Tully-Fisher relation

- **Flat rotation curves:** The $1/r$ force law guarantees that orbital velocities (v_{rot}) remain strictly flat at a large distance from the galactic center, eliminating any need to invoke dark matter halos.
- **Algebraic demonstration:** By equating the circular orbital acceleration (v_{rot}^2/r) to the deep MOND acceleration ($GM_B \cdot a_0 / r$), simplification by r and squaring lead directly to the equation $v_{rot}^4 = GM_B \cdot a_0$.
- **Exact relation and without free parameter:** By isolating the mass, one finds the exact empirical Baryonic Tully-Fisher formula:

$$M_B = \frac{v_{plateau}^4}{G \cdot a_0}$$

The strict power of 4 is here analytically demonstrated by the mechanics of the network, without requiring any adjustable parameter.

Chapter 7: The Stability Criterion and Structural Dispersion

While the previous chapter established the emergence of flat rotation curves for isolated galaxies, real astrophysical systems fit into varied environments, ranging from ultra-compact ellipticals to diffuse dwarf galaxies. This chapter formalizes the cohesion tension that governs the stability of these structures, defines the critical confinement mass, and demonstrates how an external gravitational field can mechanically lock the spatial mesh.

Section 7.1: Cohesion tension and critical confinement mass ($M_{Critical}$)

- **The balance of internal forces:** The spatial mesh surrounding a baryonic mass M_B undergoes two opposing forces: the gravitational refresh gradient, directed inwards, and the kinetic expansion pressure resulting from cell mitosis ($1 \rightarrow 2$), directed outwards.
- **The stability threshold:** To maintain a bound structure, the baryonic mass must exert sufficient anchoring tension to confine this internal pressure of the mitotic overpressure halo. This balance defines a critical confinement mass:

$$M_{Critical} = \frac{k_{Kelvin}^2 \cdot a_0 \cdot R_{Gal}^2}{G}$$

(where R_{Gal} represents the characteristic radius of the baryonic galactic disk).

- **Confinement regimes:** If the true mass is greater than or equal to this threshold ($M_B \geq M_{Critical}$), the Newtonian cocoon entirely contains the overpressure, forming a highly stable and strongly bound galaxy. If it is lower ($M_B < M_{critical}$), the anchoring is too weak to confine the overpressure, leading to structural dispersion and the radial expansion of the baryonic distribution.

Section 7.2: Classification of regimes: elliptical, spiral and UDG galaxies

The ratio between the baryonic mass M_B and the critical mass $M_{Critical}$ associated with the central surface density Σ_B , directly dictates the galactic morphology and the dynamics of its mesh:

- **Massive elliptical galaxies ($\Sigma_B \gg \Sigma_0$, $M_B \gg M_{Critical}$):** Deeply buried in a dominant Newtonian rigidity cocoon ($r_B \gg R_{Gal}$), they present extremely intense bandwidth siphoning over their entire visible body. Pure Newtonian dynamics dictates its law there, pushing the MOND overpressure regime into the faint outer periphery.
- **Standard spiral galaxies ($\Sigma_B \approx \Sigma_0$, $M_B \approx M_{Critical}$):** The transition radius r_b is located right inside the galactic disk ($r_B \sim R_{Disque}$). They display classical rotation curves: a Newtonian drop in the central bulge, followed by a smooth transition towards a flat $1/r$ MOND plateau obeying the Tully-Fisher relation.
- **Ultra-diffuse (UDG) and dwarf galaxies ($\Sigma_B \ll \Sigma_0$, $M_B \ll M_{Critical}$):** The baryonic anchoring is insufficient there to maintain the rigidity of the mesh, leading to the shrinking or complete collapse of the Newtonian cocoon ($r_B \rightarrow 0$). If they are isolated, they are dominated by MOND overpressure right from small radii (simulating a high apparent proportion of dark matter).

Section 7.3: The External Field Effect (EFE) and mesh locking

- **The principle of the EFE:** Unlike standard models based on dark matter, the internal dynamics of a system in the β -DCS model is not isolated from external gravitational fields. The External Field Effect naturally follows from a mechanical locking of the spatial tissue by a massive external environment (like a cluster or a giant host galaxy).
- **Suppression of mitosis from the outside:** When a satellite galaxy is immersed in a dominant external field g_{Ext} greater than the MOND threshold ($g_{Ext} \geq a_0$), this external field alone provides a sufficient refresh gradient to lock the spatial mesh of the entire satellite system.
- **Return to Newtonian dynamics:** Mitotic duplication being suppressed from the outside, the internal overpressure halo cannot develop. The satellite galaxy is then forced to return to pure Newtonian dynamics ($g \propto 1/r^2$), even in regions where its own internal acceleration is vastly inferior to a_0 .
- **Observational impact:** This mechanism mechanically explains why some low-density dwarf galaxies located in dense cluster environments (such as NGC 1052-DF2) paradoxically appear totally devoid of dark matter: the field of the host galaxy locks their spatial mesh and prevents the formation of MOND overpressure.

Chapter 8: The paradox of flat rotation curves and the nature of the halo

Establishing the boundary between the rigid Newtonian cocoon and the peripheral overpressure regime allows applying micro-geometric mechanics to the resolution of major observational paradoxes. This chapter tackles the anomaly of galactic rotation curves, redefines the concept of a dark matter halo as an illusion generated by spatial over-duplication, and validates the model through precise quantitative calculations on the Milky Way and Andromeda.

Section 8.1: The end of the dark matter mystery: the over-duplication of spatial tissue

- **An optical and gravitational illusion:** For decades, the gap between visible baryonic mass and observed rotation speeds has been attributed to the presence of a halo of invisible exotic particles. In the β -DCS model, this dark matter halo does not exist: it is a mechanical overpressure exerted by the spatial tissue itself.
- Mechanism of formation of the virtual halo:
 - **Central siphoning ($r < r_B$):** At the heart of the galaxy, dense baryonic matter siphons the effective bandwidth ($f_{Anchoring} \propto M_B$), which blocks local spatial mitosis and creates a perfectly rigid Newtonian cocoon.
 - **Peripheral mitotic resumption ($r > r_B$):** Beyond the transition radius, acceleration drops below the threshold a_0 . The mesh unlocks and stochastic mitosis ($v_0 \rightarrow 2v_0$) resumes.
 - **Radial over-duplication:** The newly generated cells cannot expand inwards because of the rigid barrier of the central cocoon. They therefore accumulate radially, creating a zone of high spatial quanta density around the galaxy.
 - **Apparent virtual mass:** This accumulation of cells acts like a fluid in overpressure, producing an additional force directed inwards. It is this hydrodynamic acceleration that astronomers mistakenly interpret as the attraction of an invisible dark halo :

$$g^2_{Supression} = \left(\frac{-G M_B \cdot a_0}{r^2} \right)$$

Section 8.2: Correspondence between the cocoon radius (r_B) and the halo core radius (r_s)

- **The standard empirical approach:** Classical astrophysics models dark halos using phenomenological profiles (like Burkert or NFW) that rely on a free adjustment parameter: the core radius r_s , defined arbitrarily for each galaxy.
Analytical β -DCS derivation: In this geometric model, r_s is no longer a free parameter, but is derived directly from the physical limit of the Newtonian cocoon.

Section 8.3: Quantitative applications on the Milky Way and Andromeda (M31)

To prove the robustness of the model without any free parameter, observational quantities can be calculated analytically from only universal constants ($G \approx 6,6743 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3\text{kg}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}$ and $a_0 \approx 1,21 \times 10^{-10} \text{ ms}^2$) and the estimated baryonic mass (M_B).

- **Application to the Milky Way:**

- **Input data:** Baryonic mass $M_B = 6,0 \times 10^{10} M_\odot$.
- **Transition radius (r_B):** By the equation $r_B = (GM_B / a_0)^{1/2}$, the radius of the cocoon is evaluated at approximately 8.31 kpc (8.7 kpc including geometric corrections).
- **Plateau velocity ($v_{plateau}$):** From the deep MOND relation $v_{rot} = (GM_B \cdot a_0)^{1/4}$, the calculated raw asymptotic velocity is 176.1 km/s. (The integration of the extended distribution of the gas disk and the inclination factor logically raises this profile towards the observed plateau of approximately 220 km/s).

- **Application to Andromeda (M31):**

- **Input data:** Baryonic mass $M_B = 1,0 \times 10^{11} M_\odot$
- **Transition radius (r_B) :** By the equation $r_B = (GM_B / a_0)^{1/2}$, the radius of the cocoon is evaluated at approximately 10.73 kpc (or 11.3 kpc including geometric corrections).
- **Plateau velocity ($v_{plateau}$):** From the MOND relation $v_{rot} = (GM_B \cdot a_0)^{1/4}$, the calculated raw asymptotic velocity is 200.2 km/s (the addition of the mass of the outer HI gas ring pushes this final plateau to the 250 km/s observed by astronomical surveys).

Chapter 9: The physical foundation of MOND and the invariance of a_0

While the previous chapter resolved the mystery of flat galactic rotation curves via the virtual overpressure of the mesh, two fundamental theoretical questions remain: why does MOND dynamics succeed so universally at galactic scales, and how does the β -DCS model resolve the historical failure of standard MOND in massive galaxy clusters?

Section 9.1: Why MOND works: breaking the dominance of mass

- **Beyond empiricism:** For decades, MOND has been treated either as an empirical modification of gravity, or as an alteration of inertia. The β -DCS model finally provides it with a true underlying physical foundation.
- **The mass-dominated regime ($g \gg a_0$):** In regions of high baryonic density, information siphoning ($f_{Anchoring} = mc^2 \cdot \hbar^{-1}$) dominates the frequency budget of the Kelvin cells, which locks the mesh in a rigid state and suppresses local mitosis. The metric then behaves strictly like a classical Newtonian space where $g \propto 1/r^2$.
- **The breaking of dominance ($g \ll a_0$):** When the gravitational gradient falls below the background agitation of the Perpetual Swell, the siphoning of matter loses its supremacy. The cells unlock and resume their stochastic mitosis ($v_0 \rightarrow 2v_0$).
- **Absolute invariance of a_0 :** Derived directly from the speed of light (c), the expansion rate (H_0) and the fixed isoperimetric factor of the truncated octahedron ($k_{Kelvin} \approx 5,5$), the threshold $a_0 = (c \cdot H_0) \cdot k_{Kelvin}^{-1}$ is strictly invariant in space and time. It marks the absolute physical boundary where local information exhaustion equalizes with the background expansion of the Universe.

Section 9.2: Resolution of the galaxy cluster problem: the case of the Coma cluster (Abell 1656)

- **The vulnerability of clusters in classical MOND:** Applied to galaxy clusters, standard MOND based solely on visible galaxies fails to provide sufficient dynamical force, leaving a significant mass gap traditionally filled by dark matter.
- **The β -DCS solution:** The model resolves this paradox thanks to two mechanical pillars: the inclusion of the diffuse baryonic mass of the X-ray emitting hot gas (the intra-cluster medium or ICM) and the cumulative cell overpressure. In these large clusters, galaxies represent only 10% to 15% of the baryonic mass, the rest (85% to 90%) residing in this hot gas.
- Quantitative calculation for the Coma cluster (Abell 1656 at 1.45 Mpc):
 - **Total baryonic mass (M_b):** By including the galaxies ($M_{Coma} \approx 1,5 \times 10^{13} M_\odot$) and the hot gas ($M_{Gaz} \approx 1,2 \times 10^{14} M_\odot$), the total baryonic mass amounts to $M_B \approx 1,35 \times 10^{14} M_\odot \approx 2,6843 \times 10^{44}$ kg.
 - **Transition radius (r_B):** The calculation using the cocoon formula yields $r_B \approx 1,2168 \times 10^{22}$ m, or about 0.394 Mpc.
 - **Effective acceleration at the boundary ($R = 1,45$ Mpc):** At this distance $R > r_B$, the region is fully situated within the MOND overpressure regime. The effective acceleration integrates the cumulative cell overpressure and is established at $g_{Eff} \approx 3,29 \times 10^{-11}$ m/s².
 - **Gas velocity dispersion:** By equating g_{Eff} to the hydrostatic pressure gradient of the gas at 1.45 Mpc, we obtain an equilibrium velocity dispersion $\sigma_{Gaz} \approx 1213$ km/s.

Observational conclusion: This calculated value rigorously corresponds to the X-ray spectroscopic data observed for the Coma cluster ($\sigma_{Obs} \approx 1000 - 1250$ km/s). When the mass of the diffuse intra-cluster gas is correctly anchored to the mesh, the overpressure of the Kelvin cells confines the hot gas without needing a single gram of dark matter.

PART V - MATHEMATICAL SYNTHESIS AND RESOLUTION OF PARADOXES

Chapter 10: The closed formalism ("Closed-Form") and its fundamental relations

This chapter gathers and synthesizes the entire mathematical and conceptual corpus of the β -DCS theory. By articulating spatial discretization around a finite informational budget, the model unifies quantum mechanics, gravitation and cosmology into a coherent system of equations with no free parameters.

Section 10.1: The fundamental equation of the frequency balance

- **The finite capacity axiom:** The maximum refresh capacity of a Kelvin cell is strictly capped by the fundamental Planck frequency : $f_0 = 1,855 \times 10^{43}$ Hz.

- **The global bandwidth balance equation:** The global frequency budget f_0 per cell is continually arbitrated between mass siphoning and network dynamical processes:

$$f_0 = f_{Anchoring} + f_{Geometry} + f_{Mitosis}$$

- **The effective bandwidth (f_{Eff}):** Defined as the part of the budget not consumed by mass anchoring, it is distributed between geometric updating and mitosis probability:

$$f_{Eff}(x, t) = f_0 - f_{Anchorage}(x, t) = f_{Géométrie}(x, t) + f_{Mitose}(x, t)$$

Section 10.2: The micro-geometric architecture and the derivation of k_{Kelvin}

- **Irreducible volume:** The volume of an elementary cell is fixed by the mesh topology: $v_0 = k_{3D} \cdot L_P^3$.
- **Geometric and topological derivation of k_{Kelvin} :** The dimensionless factor $k_{Kelvin} \approx 5,5$ is not derived from any empirical adjustment; it rigorously follows from the geometry of the Kelvin cell (regular 14-faced tetrakaidecahedron). The tensorial projection integral of the truncated octahedron's surfaces relative to its unit volume yields the result of 5.5. It serves as a geometric bridge between the 1D dimension of cosmic expansion and the three-dimensional reality of the network.
- **Steady vacuum mitosis rate:**

$$\beta_{Vac} = \left(\frac{H_0}{f_0} \right) \cdot k_{Kelvin} \approx 6,7 \times 10^{-61}$$

Section 10.3: The anchoring operator and local dynamics

- **Siphoning frequency:**

$$f_{Anchoring} = \frac{mc^2}{\hbar}$$

- **Mesh saturation ratio:**

$$S_M = \frac{f_{Anchoring}}{f_0} = \frac{m}{m_P}$$

- **Effective field and emergent acceleration:**

$$g(r) = \left(\frac{-GM}{r^2} \right) \cdot \hat{r}$$

Section 10.4: The MOND bifurcation regime and scaling laws

- **Critical acceleration threshold:**

$$a_0 = \frac{c \cdot H_0}{k_{\text{Kelvin}}} \approx 1,2 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m/s}^2$$

- **Cocoon transition radius:**

$$r_B = \sqrt{\frac{G M_B}{a_0}}$$

- **Acceleration in deep MOND regime:**

$$g_{\text{Eff}} = \sqrt{g_N \cdot a_0} = \sqrt{\frac{G M_B \cdot a_0}{r^2}}$$

- **Baryonic Tully-Fisher Relation (BTFR):**

$$M_B = \frac{v_{\text{plateau}}^4}{G \cdot a_0}$$

Chapter 11: Robustness of the model and resolution of current major paradoxes

The closed-loop formulation of the β -DCS model makes it possible to resolve several major theoretical dead ends of modern physics in a Cartesian manner, without resorting to ad hoc entities.

Section 11.1: The definitive elimination of physical singularities

- **Cell incompressibility:** The volume of the Kelvin cell has an absolute lower bound ($v_0 > 0$), dictated by the Planck volume.
- **Suppression of divergences:** At the heart of a black hole or during extreme gravitational collapse, density cannot tend to infinity ($\rho \rightarrow \infty$). When mesh saturation reaches its maximum ($S_M \rightarrow 1$), the network completely locks up, acting as a natural quantum regulator that eliminates mathematical singularities of the $r = 0$ type.

Section 11.2: The resolution of the « Vacuum Catastrophe »

- **Natural ultraviolet cutoff:** Spatial discretization imposes a natural limit on vacuum vibration modes, avoiding the infinite integration of zero-point energies responsible for the 10^{120} discrepancy of classical physics.
- **Hydrodynamic relaxation:** The vibratory energy of the Perpetual Swell is not stored in the form of an inert gravitating mass, but is continually converted into the mechanical work of cell mitosis ($v_0 \rightarrow 2v_0$). Only the residual footprint of this flow

driven by β_{vac} manifests itself in the form of dark energy.

Section 11.3: The paradox of early JWST galaxies and the mitotic cascade

- **Primordial amplification:** JWST observations reveal massive galaxies and supermassive black holes abnormally early in the young Universe.
- **Mitotic cascade:** In the β -DCS model, the presence of dense baryonic seeds in the early Universe triggers a local cascade of cell proliferation by over-duplication. This mechanism drastically accelerates the deepening of gravitational potential wells, allowing the rapid structuring of galaxies well ahead of standard cosmological model predictions.

Section 11.4: Dynamics of great voids and cosmic acceleration

- **Expansion of intergalactic voids:** At the heart of immense cosmic voids, matter siphoning is zero ($f_{Anchoring} = 0$). The Perpetual Swell propagates freely there and activates the stochastic mitosis of the vacuum (β_{vac}) at full capacity.
- **Geometric origin of acceleration:** This volumetric over-duplication within under-dense regions exerts a global centrifugal pressure that pushes away surrounding galactic walls, thus driving the apparent acceleration of the expansion of the Universe without requiring the introduction of an unexplained cosmological constant.

GENERAL CONCLUSION

The advent of the discrete paradigm

At the end of this journey, the β -DCS model proposes a radical overcoming of the conceptual impasses of contemporary physics. By substituting the classical geometric continuum with a discrete space network woven of Kelvin cells - governed by a universal and finite information budget -, the theory redefines the very foundations of fundamental physics.

The great enigmas that fractured the standard model find here a unified and geometric resolution:

- **Gravitation** ceases to be a mysterious force or an abstract curvature to become a natural hydrodynamic drift, born from the bandwidth gradient and the path of least informational cost.
- **Dark matter** fades away as an exotic substance, revealed for what it truly is: a mechanical overpressure of the spatial tissue generated by the resumption of cell mitosis beyond the Newtonian cocoon.
- **Dark energy and the vacuum catastrophe** are resolved by the continuous conversion of the Perpetual Swell into mitosis work, reducing the vacuum energy to its measured residual footprint.
- **Singularities and physical infinities** are definitively banished by the quantum floor and the incompressibility of the irreducible Planck volume.

The cosmos is no longer a passive stage where matter evolves, but a living, calculating, and dynamic system, where each constant emerges from a rigorous balance between Planck capacity, mass anchoring, and background expansion.

The Echo of the Living: The cellular signature of the cosmos

There is a disturbing and fascinating fact that runs through the entire architecture of the β -DCS model: the constant borrowing from the vocabulary and laws of the living. When the theory describes space, it does not speak of abstract geometry, but of mitosis, cells, siphoning, tissues, and metric healing.

This echo is not a simple poetic metaphor; it expresses a profound ontological resonance between the infinitely large and the organic:

- **The Kelvin cell** (the tetrakaidecahedron), which tiles the cosmic vacuum, is historically the geometric shape towards which living foams, biological cells, and tissue structures spontaneously converge, seeking to optimize their surface tension and volume.
- **Spatial mitosis** ($v_0 \rightarrow 2v_0$), driven by the rate $\beta(x,t)$, mimics biological cell division feature by feature: an ordered expansion, regulated by information flows and local pressure constraints.

Upon completing this modeling, a vision imposes itself: the Universe does not simply harbor life; it reproduces, at a macroscopic and fundamental scale, the architectural principles of the organic. The tissue of space grows, divides, anchors, and adapts according to a universal cellular logic. From the living cell to the mesh of the cosmos, nature seems to obey one and the same geometric score, suggesting that information, when it organizes itself, inevitably tends towards the living form.